H.B.224 1st Sub.

Pollinator Amendments

Sponsor: Representative Ashlee Matthews

Why Care about Pollinators?

- Utah is the Beehive State!
- Honey bees are America's primary commercial pollinator, but over 4,000 types of native bees live in the United States
- Pollinators are directly responsible for over one-third of the food we eat. Over 100 different varieties of fruits, vegetables, and essential crops depend on pollinators. These crops include alfalfa and forbbased hays used by Utah's meat and dairy industries.
- Pollinators are critical to Utah's rural farming economy. Honeybees and other pollinating insects contributed \$29 billion to farm crops income in 2010. (Cornell University study)
- The total annual value of U.S. honey bee products and services sold is approximately \$700 million.

Why Pollinators are in Trouble

- With a warming climate, pesticides, loss of habitat, and diseases, pollinator populations are seeing drastic and disturbing declines.
- Western Bumblebee populations have declined 93 percent in the past 20 years. (Desert News, July 2020)
- Monarch butterflies, nearing "endangered" status, have declined 99% in the past 40 years. (Butterfly Conservation, December 2020)
- In one survey, 25% of bee species were not recorded in global records since 1990, which is a potentially worrisome indicator of decline. (Independent, Jan 2021)
- The general public does not understand the gravity and urgency of the problem. (Science Daily)

What the Bill Does

- Creates a 3-year pilot program for the Department of Agriculture.
- Public education campaign, workshops, planting guides to raise awareness about creating pollinator habitats.
- Grants to cover 25% of costs for planting pollinator-friendly forbs and legumes on private or public land, not exceeding \$250,000 each fiscal year.
- Supports pollinator programs for local governments and nonprofits.
- Coordinates with federal, state, and local agencies to provide resources.
- Fiscal note: \$390,000 ongoing.